## شمارهى تكليف: 1

اين مسائل از فصل اول كتاب زير گرفته شده است:

Title:The Fundamentals of Newtonian Mechanics: For an Introductory Approach to Modern Physics Author: Maurizio Spurio
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## مسئلهى | :

1. What relation must be valid between the vectors $a$ and $b$, which are different from each other and nonzero, so that the relation: $(\boldsymbol{a}+\boldsymbol{b}) \times(\boldsymbol{a}-\boldsymbol{b})=0$ is verified?

## مسئلهى r:

Show that if the magnitudes of the sum and difference between two vectors are equal, then the vectors are perpendicular to each other.

## مسئلهى

Two vectors $\boldsymbol{a}$ and $\boldsymbol{b}$ are equal in magnitude. Their sum has magnitude 4 and their vector product magnitude 16. Determine the magnitude of the two vectors.

$$
\text { پاسخ ז: } \sqrt{20}
$$

## مسئلهى

Two vectors $\boldsymbol{a}$ and $\boldsymbol{b}$ comply with the following conditions: $(i) \boldsymbol{a} \cdot \boldsymbol{b}=20 ;(i i)(\boldsymbol{a}+\boldsymbol{b}) \cdot \boldsymbol{a}=36$; (iii) $(\boldsymbol{a}+\boldsymbol{b}) \cdot \boldsymbol{b}=45$. Determine the magnitude of the two vectors and the angle $\alpha$ between them.

$$
a=4 ; \quad b=5 ; \quad \alpha=0 \quad \text { پاسخ } \uparrow \text { پ }
$$

## مسئلهى هـ

Given two vectors $\boldsymbol{a}$ and $\boldsymbol{b}$, show that in intrinsic representation their vector product. $\boldsymbol{a} \times \boldsymbol{b}$ corresponds to the oriented area of the parallelogram defined by the two vectors.

